FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

MARCH 31, 2025 CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of

Parents for Community Living Kitchener-Waterloo Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Parents for Community Living Kitchener-Waterloo Inc.** (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and explanatory financial notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2025, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Cambridge, Ontario June 23, 2025

Chartered Professional Accountants, authorized to practise public accounting by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Ontario

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Revenues		
Grants (note 15)	11,173,643	10,308,371
Resident rent	780,216	720,190
Fee for service	269,353	153,390
Amortization of deferred contributions (note 6)	94,599	92,974
Other income	91,540	126,825
Fundraising	100,882	80,259
	12,510,233	11,482,009
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	10,733,978	9,702,623
Training	13,352	36,297
Groceries and supplies	381,180	364,001
Interest on long-term debt	3,006	3,598
Interest on demand loan	50,576	40,137
Repairs and maintenance	116,545	94,762
Rent (note 10)	246,129	211,037
Vehicle expense (note 10)	234,625	231,444
Utilities	118,472	111,184
Office expenses	125,196	88,224
Purchased services	101,854	129,745
Insurance	25,806	19,594
Telephone	36,556	35,269
Professional fees	22,286	16,919
Interest and bank charges	5,319	4,722
Advertising and promotion	213	1,194
Property tax rebate	(8,308)	(7,949)
Amortization	186,561	189,930
	12,393,346	11,272,731
Excess of revenues over expenditures for year	116,887	209,278

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

	•		2025	2024
	Unrestricted \$	Internally restricted \$	Total \$	Total \$
Balance beginning of year	3,268,895	195,378	3,464,273	3,254,995
Excess of revenues over expenditures for year Interfund transfers (note 14)	116,887 (14,676)	NIL 14,676	116,887	209,278
Balance end of year	3,371,106	210,054	3,581,160	3,464,273

FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2025

	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS		
Cash	1,033,499	1,067,365
Short-term deposits (note 7)	383,015	278,000
Accounts receivable	298,597	319,511
Prepaid expenses	49,208	33,348
Current assets	1,764,319	1,698,224
Capital assets (note 3)	6,166,478	6,287,427
	7,930,797	7,985,651
LIABILITIES		
Demand bank loans (note 4)	813,203	842,618
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 12)	629,780	717,605
Capital reserve fund (note 9)	25,583	23,197
Deferred revenue	32,219	32,821
Long-term debt (note 5) Current liabilities	27,504 1,528,289	26,623 1,642,864
Carront habinites	1,520,207	1,0-12,00-1
Long-term debt (note 5)	55,561	83,129
Deferred contributions related to capital assets (note 6)	2,765,787	2,795,386
	4,349,637	4,521,379
NET ASSETS		
Internally restricted (note 14)	210,054	195,378
Unrestricted	3,371,106	3,268,894
	3,581,160	3,464,272
	7,930,797	7,985,651

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

Director

Director

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

		2025 \$		2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Excess of revenues over expenditures for year		116,887		209,278
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization of capital assets		186,561		189,930
Amortization of deferred contributions		94,599)	(92,974)
		208,849		306,234
Net change in non-cash working capital		200,0.>		300,231
balances relating to operations:				
Accounts receivable		20,914	(145,954)
Prepaid expenses	(15,860)	ì	13,534)
Deferred revenue	~	602)	ì	3,026)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	}	87,821)	(168,264
Capital reserve fund		2,386		2,251
		127,866		314,235
		127,000		31 1,233
Cash flows from investment activities:				
Net additions to capital assets		65,614)	(_	121,743)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayment of demand bank loans	(29,415)	(39,808)
Repayment of long-term debt	(26,687)	(37,816)
Deferred contributions related to capital assets		65,000		70,888
		8,898	(6,736)
Net increase in cash		71,150		185,756
Cash, beginning of year		1,345,364		1,159,608
Cash, end of year		1,416,514		
Cash, end of year		1,410,514		1,345,364
Cash position includes:				
Cash		1,033,499		1,067,365
Short-term deposits		383,015		278,000
		1,416,514		1,345,365

EXPLANATORY FINANCIAL NOTES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

1. Nature of Business

Parents for Community Living Kitchener-Waterloo Inc. (The Organization) is incorporated under the laws of Ontario as a corporation without share capital. The mission of the corporation is to offer meaningful services and supports for persons with exceptional needs.

The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, as such, is exempt from income taxes.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

(a) Amortization of capital assets

The Organization amortizes capital assets using the straight-line method which will amortize the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40	years
Furniture and equipment	5	years
Computers	3	years
Leasehold improvements	5	vears

(b) Contributed services

During the year, several volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time. Because of the difficulty in determining the fair value, contributed services are not recorded in the financial statements.

(c) Revenue recognition

Contributions are recognized using the deferral method, under which restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue as received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Rental revenue is recorded monthly in accordance with rental agreements. Service fee revenue is recorded when the service is provided.

Contributions related to capital assets are deferred and amortized over the useful life of the related assets on a straight-line basis.

(d) Fund accounting

To ensure observation of restrictions placed on the use of resources available to Parents for Community Living Kitchener-Waterloo Inc., the accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. The resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following funds which have been established according to their nature and purpose:

The Internally Restricted fund consists of funds internally restricted by the Board of Directors for specific purposes.

The Unrestricted fund accounts for the Organization's program delivery and administrative activities.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(e) Financial instruments

All financial assets and liabilities are recorded at amortized cost less any discovered impairment. The Organization's financial instruments consist of cash and short-term deposits, accounts receivable, accounts payable, demand bank loans and long-term debt. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values unless otherwise noted.

(f) Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income as appropriate in the year they become known.

3. Capital Assets	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cost		
Land	1,424,210	1,424,210
Buildings	6,698,400	6,632,788
Furniture, equipment, computers and		
leasehold improvements	326,775	326,775
	8,449,385	8,383,773
Accumulated amortization		
Buildings	2,038,631	1,884,133
Furniture, equipment, computers and	7	
leasehold improvements	244,276	212,213
	2,282,907	2,096,346
Net Book Value	6,166,478	6,287,427
 Demand Bank Loans and Credit Facilities 6.00% Revolving bank loan, payable in blended monthly payments of \$4,909, secured by land and building on St. Charles Street, Breslau, Ontario. 	639,009	658,387
5.13% Revolving bank loan, payable in blended monthly payments of \$1,908, secured by land and building on		
Forestlawn Road, Waterloo, Ontario.	174,194	184,231
	813,203	842,618

4. Demand Bank Loans and Credit Facilities (Continued)

The Organization also has access to a \$300,000 (\$300,000 in 2024) line of credit with its bank.

The demand bank loans, and the line of credit have a general security agreement covering all property of the Organization pledged as security, subordinate to the holders of the first mortgages.

	2025	2024
Long-Term Debt	\$	\$
3.85% Mortgage due October 1, 2026, payable in blended monthly payments of \$870, secured by land and building on Blueridge Avenue, Kitchener, Ontario.	16,013	25,640
3.04% Mortgage due June 1, 2027, payable in blended monthly payments of \$1,099, secured by land and building on Crimson Crescent, Waterloo, Ontario.	27,927	40,106
3.04% Mortgage due April 2, 2027, payable in blended monthly payments of \$512, secured by land and building on Evelyn Crescent, Kitchener, Ontario.	39,125	44,006
Current portion due within one year	83,065 27,504	109,752 26,623
	55,561	83,129
Principal repayments for the next three years are approximately a	55,561	
2026	27,504	
2027 2028	24,063 31,498	
	83,065	

6. Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent restricted contributions with which capital assets were purchased. The changes in the deferred contribution balance for the year are as follows:

Balance beginning of year	2,795,386	2,817,472	
Amortization of deferred contributions	(94,599)	(92,974)	
Contributions received during the year	65,000	70,888	
Balance end of year	2,765,787	2,795,386	

Under the terms of agreements with the Province of Ontario, should the Organization dispose of certain properties which were funded by contributions from the Province of Ontario, the Province of Ontario is entitled to a proportionate share of the net proceeds, determined with reference to the initial down payment. Assets funded through other means would not be subject to this requirement. No such items were disposed of during the year.

7. Term Deposits

The Organization holds a non-redeemable GIC of \$383,015 at March 31, 2025, bearing interest at 5.05% with a maturity date of June 5, 2025.

8. Financial Instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following provides a description of the Organization's risk exposure and concentrations at the year end date.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its demand bank loans, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the other party by failing to discharge its obligation. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to accounts receivable. The Organization assesses, on a continuous basis, its amounts receivable and rarely incurs bad debts.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Organization is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk

The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed and floating interest rate financial instruments. Fixed-rate instruments subject the Organization to a fair value risk while the floating-rate instruments subject it to a cash flow risk. The Organization is mainly exposed to this type of risk as a result of demand bank loans and long-term debt.

9. Capital Reserve Fund

Under the terms of an agreement with the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing, a capital reserve fund is required to be maintained.

•	2025 \$	2024 \$
Balance beginning of year	23,197	20,946
Annual fee - included in repairs and maintenance expense	1,486	1,486
Interest earned	900	765
Balance end of year	25,583	23,197

10. Commitments

The Organization has operating leases for its premises that expire on November 30, 2025. The leases include rent and monthly operating costs. In addition, the Organization is committed under certain operating leases for vehicles. Future minimum lease payments under these operating leases for the next five years are as follows:

	\$
2026	196,438
2027	72,287
2028	70,593
2029	23,548
2030	21,133
	383,999

11. Service Contracts

The Organization has service contracts with the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services and the Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing. Management believes that the programs funded by these service contracts have admissible expenditures in excess of revenues and, accordingly, no amounts have been accrued as repayable in these accounts.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
12. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	526,424	607,555
Government remittances payable	103,356	110,050
	629,780	717,605

13. Robert Denomme Fund

The Organization's Robert Denomme Fund is held by the Waterloo Region Community Foundation. The expendable income from this fund shall be paid to the Organization annually on or before December 31 of the following year and shall be used for support of capital expenditures or seed money for new programs or projects. As of December 31, 2024, the fund balance was \$142,020 (\$126,861 in 2023). During the fiscal year, \$6,200 (\$6,200 in 2024) was received from the fund.

14. Internally Restricted Net Assets

The following balance, which is included in cash and short-term deposits, is governed by designations by the Board of Directors:

Balance beginning of year	195,378	188,668
Amounts designated by the Board of Directors as being held		
for potential future funding shortfall	14,676	6,710
Balance end of year	210,054	195,378

EXPLANATORY FINANCIAL NOTES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

15. Economic Dependence

The Organization receives funding from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services to assist with offsetting costs incurred by the Organization. The Organization is dependent on receiving this funding for its day-to-day operations.

16. Comparative Figures

Comparative figures have, in some instances, been reclassified in order to present them in a form comparable to those for the current year.